

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA :

Case No: 21-cr-278 (BAH)

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18 U.S.C. § 1752(a)(1)

v.

DANIEL HERENDEEN
Defendant.

:

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Daniel Herendeen, with the concurrence of his attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

- 1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured 24 hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police. Restrictions around the U.S. Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by U.S. Capitol Police. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the U.S. Capitol.
- 2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the U.S. Capitol was closed to members of the public.
- 3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the United States Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C. During the joint

session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the United States Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 p.m. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 p.m., the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.

- 4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the U.S. Capitol. As noted above, temporary and permanent barricades were in place around the exterior of the U.S. Capitol building, and U.S. Capitol Police were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol building and the proceedings underway inside.
- 5. At approximately 2:00 p.m., certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades, and officers of the U.S. Capitol Police, and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks by U.S. Capitol Police Officers or other authorized security officials.
- 6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway and the exterior doors and windows of the U.S. Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the U.S. Capitol Police attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after 2:00 p.m., individuals in the crowd forced entry into the U.S. Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the

crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the U.S. Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$1.4 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 p.m., members of the United States
House of Representatives and United States Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice
President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all
proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively
suspended until shortly after 8:00 p.m. the same day. In light of the dangerous circumstances
caused by the unlawful entry to the U.S. Capitol, including the danger posed by individuals who
had entered the U.S. Capitol without any security screening or weapons check, Congressional
proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had left the U.S. Capitol,
and the building had been confirmed secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00
p.m. after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the United States
Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

HERENDEEN's Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

- 8. Daniel Herendeen and co-defendant Robert Schornak messaged each other on Facebook prior to January 6, 2021. Specifically, on or about On December 30, 2020, Schornak and Herendeen discuss their dedication to attend the "Stop the Steal" rally. Among their comments were:
 - a. SCHORNAK: Cant stay home, I would not be able to live w myself
 - b. HERENDEEN: That's how I feel. I'm supposed to go with [redacted], but it sounds like he might back out. I heard it might be hard to get to DC. I go regardless.
 - c. SCHORNAK: Hard, nothing easy ever worth doing. Just call me bro

- d. HERENDEEN: Good point! Wanna make a plan? I have next two weeks off work. Just worked every day from Thanksgiving till this Thursday.
- 9. Prior to attending the rally, Mr. Herendeen planned to take with him black tinted goggles, a combat styled belt, a knife, a canister of what HERENDEEN described as "ANTIFA spray," body armor, and a face covering depicting the American flag.
 - 10. Mr. Herendeen traveled to Washington, D.C. with co-defendant Robert Schornak.
- 11. Mr. Herendeen acknowledges that he along with co-defendant Robert Schornak are captured in a photo in Washington, D.C. on January 6, 2021 as shown in Image 1 below.

Image 1



On January 6, 2021, Mr. Herendeen entered and remained in the United States
 Capitol without authority.

- 13. When Mr. Herendeen entered the United States Capitol, he was wearing body armor, a black military style backpack, black goggles, and an American flag mask. He entered the Capitol through the Senate Wing Door at approximately 2:20 p.m. While inside the United States Capitol, he entered the Crypt as well.
- 14. Mr. Schornak later told Mr. Herendeen that he also went inside the United States Capitol.
- 15. The defendant knew at the time he entered the U.S. Capitol Building that the building was restricted, that he did not have permission to enter the building and the defendant did so with the intent to impede, disrupt, or disturb the orderly conduct of a session of Congress.

Respectfully submitted,

CHANNING D. PHILLIPS Acting United States Attorney D.C. Bar No. 415793

By: <u>/s/ AUSA Amanda Fretto Lingwood</u>
AUSA Amanda Fretto Lingwood
Assistant United States Attorney

DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Daniel Herendeen, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 12/16/21

Daniel Herendeen Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 12/14/21

Colleen Fitzharris
Attorney for Defendant